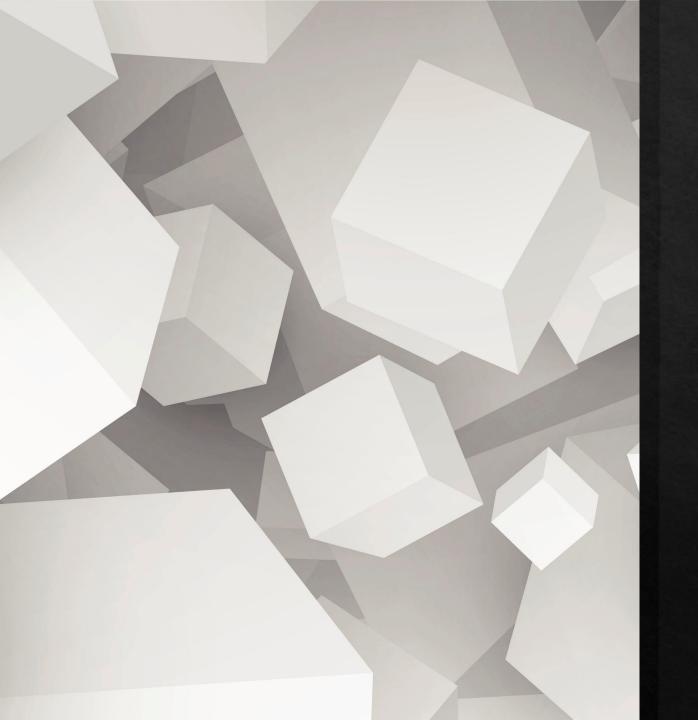


Cholesterol's Effects on the Eyes

Gage Piercy



Road Map

- ♦ Introduction
- ♦ Interest
- ♦ Relation
- ♦ Symptoms
- ♦ Causes
- Diagnosis
- ♦ Treatments
- ♦ Prevention

Introduction

- Vision Quality and BMI seem completely unconnected
- However, Percent Body Fat can impact both our eyesight and eyelids
- ♦ How is this possible?
 - Vision impairment due to an increased level of cholesterol
 - Affects various systems of the eye
 - Seyelids affected by a condition called Xanthelasma
 - Produces fatty tissue over the epidermis of the eyelids

How I Got Interested

- My friend's mom had a lipid layer over her eye
 - ♦ Eventually dissipated
 - ♦ Restored her normal eyesight
- ♦ I grew fascinated and researched it
 - ♦ Never heard of anything like it
 - ♦ Interviewed Dr. Reach and studied interesting sources
- ♦ Found a link between cholesterol and the eyes
- ♦ Now I'm here to share my findings!

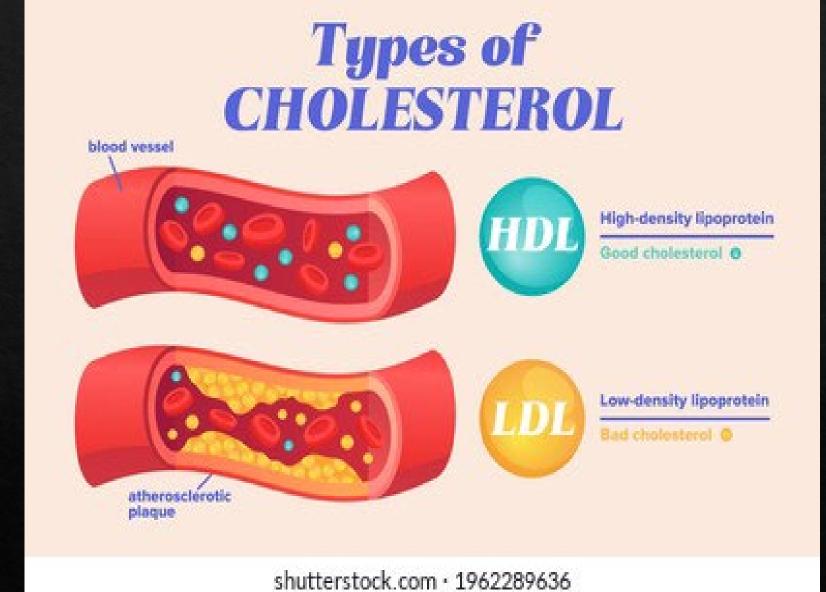
How Cholesterol Relates to the Eyes

- Cholesterol important for several reasons:
 - ♦ Component of cell membranes
 - Helps manufacture various hormones
- ♦ Two main types of cholesterol
 - High Density Lipoprotein (HDL)
 - ♦ Low Density Lipoprotein (LDL)

- ♦ HDL carries cholesterol from artery walls to the liver
 - ♦ The "good" cholesterol
- LDL transports cholesterol to artery walls and tissues throughout the body
 - ♦ The "bad" cholesterol
- ♦ Includes eye tissue
 - ♦ Excess LDL can affect vision

Cholesterol Types

- HDL represented by Blue Spheres
- Flows through arteries and veins without buildup
- LDL represented by Yellow Spheres
- Builds up into thick walls of plaque blocking the vessel

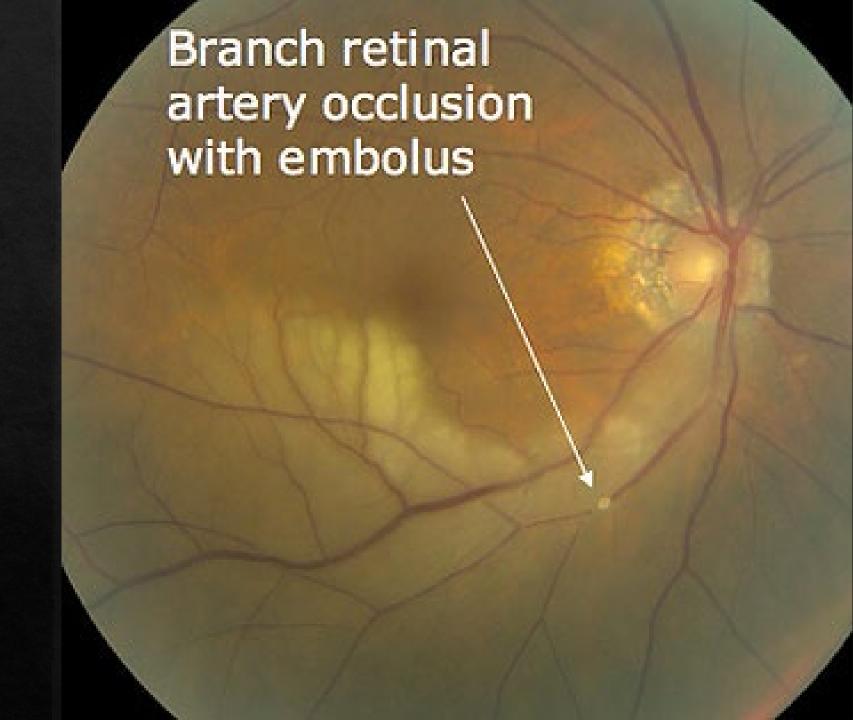


Ocular Symptoms of High LDL

- ♦ Xanthelasma is the most common symptom
- Other notable symptoms include:
 - ♦ Blockage of the retinal vein and artery
 - ♦ Causes fluid spillage into the retina
 - ♦ Results in blurry vision
 - ♦ Lack of oxygen due to decreased blood flow
 - Can lead to permanent blindness
 - ♦ Increased pressure in the retina
 - ♦Results in Glaucoma

Retinal Artery Blockage

- Arrow points to a small buildup of LDL within the Retinal Artery
- Restricts blood flow



Xanthelasma: Definition and Symptoms

- Also called Xanthelasma Palpebra,
- Accumulated lipid deposits on epidermis of eyelids
- Characterized by yellowish papules of cholesterol
- Limited to the eyelids and not the eyeballs
 - ♦ According to Dr. Reach, it can spread into the inner corners of the eyes
 - ♦ Rarely impairs vision
- ♦ Linked to high levels of LDL



Xanthelasma: Fatty Tissue

- ♦ Yellowish lipid excreted from the ocular region of the epidermis
- ♦ Spreading near the eyes through the tear ducts
- ♦ Cosmetic condition

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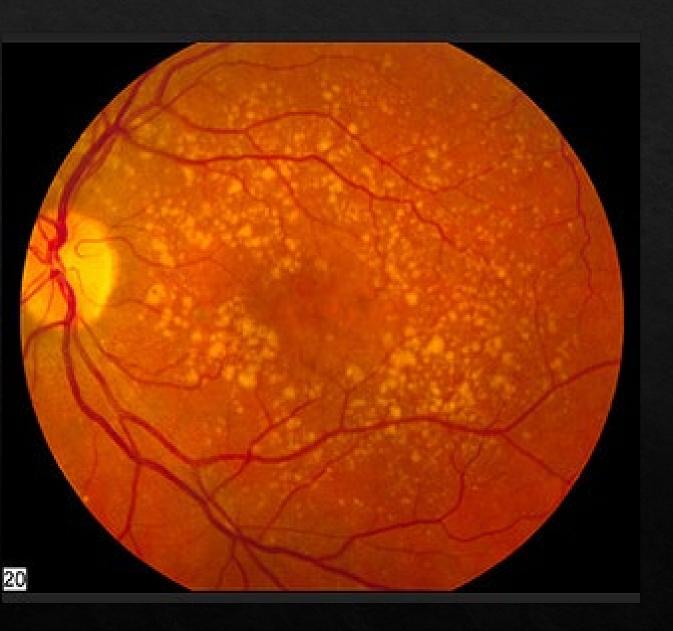
Causes

- ♦ LDL Deregulation:
- Diabetes and Obesity
 - ♦ High Blood Pressure
 - Causes vision fluctuations and even permanent damage
- Hypothyroidism
 - ♦ Regulates cholesterol production and breakdown
- Excessive alcohol consumption and smoking
 - ♦ Same as diabetes/obesity

- ♦ Xanthelasma:
- LDL Deregulation causesXanthelasma
 - LDL issues arise before Xanthelasma
 - Allows Xanthelasma to be indicator of high LDL
- ♦ Other causes same as LDL Buildup

LDL Ocular Buildup Diagnosis

- Microscopic analysis necessary for diagnosis
 - ♦ Search for yellow deposits under the retina
 - ♦"Drunsen"
 - ♦ Large samples unnaturally high buildup
 - ♦Small samples normal
 - ♦ Search for gray ring around the cornea
 - ♦ "Arcus"
- Early Diagnosis important to prevent permanent ocular damage
- Drunsen and arcus must reach exposed region

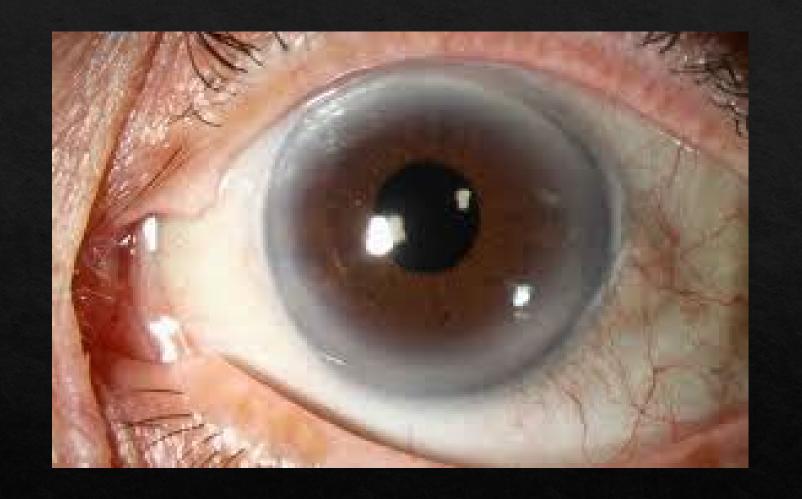


Drunsen Image

- Characterized by yellow, spotty areas
- Buildup representative of macular degeneration
- ♦ Results in significant ocular damage if left untreated

Arcus Image

- Large, cloudy ring surrounding the iris
- Cholesterol deposits
 reach the anterior
 region of the cornea
 within the eye
- Clear sign of LDLbuildup in the eye



Xanthelasma Diagnosis

- Diagnosis relatively simple
 - ♦ Analyze eyelid epidermis
 - ♦ Detect high lipid concentration
- ♦ Xanthelasma also used to diagnose high LDL in the eyes
 - Much faster than analyzing drunsen and arcus
- ♦ Diagnosis not urgent unless comorbid with high LDL
 - ♦ Cosmetic condition, harmless

Treatment for LDL Buildup

Medication

- ♦ Notable medications
 - ♦ PCSK9 Inhibitors
 - ♦ Statins
 - ♦ Bile Acid Sequestrants
- ♦ All three perform similar functions
 - ♦ Directly reduce LDL
 - ♦ Lowers the rate of absorption of LDL

Laser Therapy

- Laser Therapy other notable option
 - ♦ Limited to cases of relatively few fatty deposits
 - Otherwise too much to deal with
- ♦ Results in lower levels of LDL

Treatment for Xanthelasma

- ♦ Xanthelasma treatment only surgical
- Dr. Reach shared a few methods of removing fatty tissue
 - ♦ Cryotherapy
 - ♦ Freeze and remove the tissue.
 - ♦ First prescribed treatment method.
 - ♦ Laser Removal
 - ♦ Laser technology removes and destroys fatty tissue
 - ♦ Radio Frequency Ablation
 - ♦ Shrinks the fatty growth via radio waves
 - ♦ Chemical Peel
 - ♦ Face application product peels away lipid tissue

Ways to Remove Cholesterol Deposits



Surgical removal:

simple excision with a small blade, accompanied by a traditional eyelid surgery, or blepharoplasty



Cryotherapy:

controlled freezing of specific tissues



Laser ablation:

less invasive than traditional surgery and carries relatively minimal scarring risk



Electrodessication:

burning and scraping away unwanted tissue growth



Chemical cauterization:

applying a chemical agent like chlorinated acetic acid to the skin tissue that needs to be treated to remove the lesion



Prevention

- Preventing/mitigating LDL buildup and Xanthelasma simple
 - ♦ Common methods
- ♦ As described by Dr. Reach:
 - ♦ Eating a Healthy Diet
 - ♦ Focus on cholesterol intake
 - ♦ Proper Exercise
 - ♦ Thyroid Level Checkup
 - ♦ May need medication if irregular
 - ♦ Restraining alcohol and smoking abuse

Conclusion

- ♦ Cholesterol is a significant force that can degrade vision quality and eyelid tissue due to LDL buildup and Xanthelasma
- Cholesterol and the ocular region seem very distant from one another
 However, it's clear that the two are more closely associated than most think.
- ♦ Hopefully the results of this research raised awareness of how much high cholesterol can affect your vision and eyelid tissue.
- ♦ The ocular system is one of the body's most important functions, and it's important to take all measures into account when seeking to protect it.

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